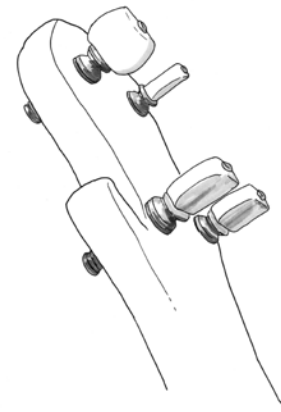
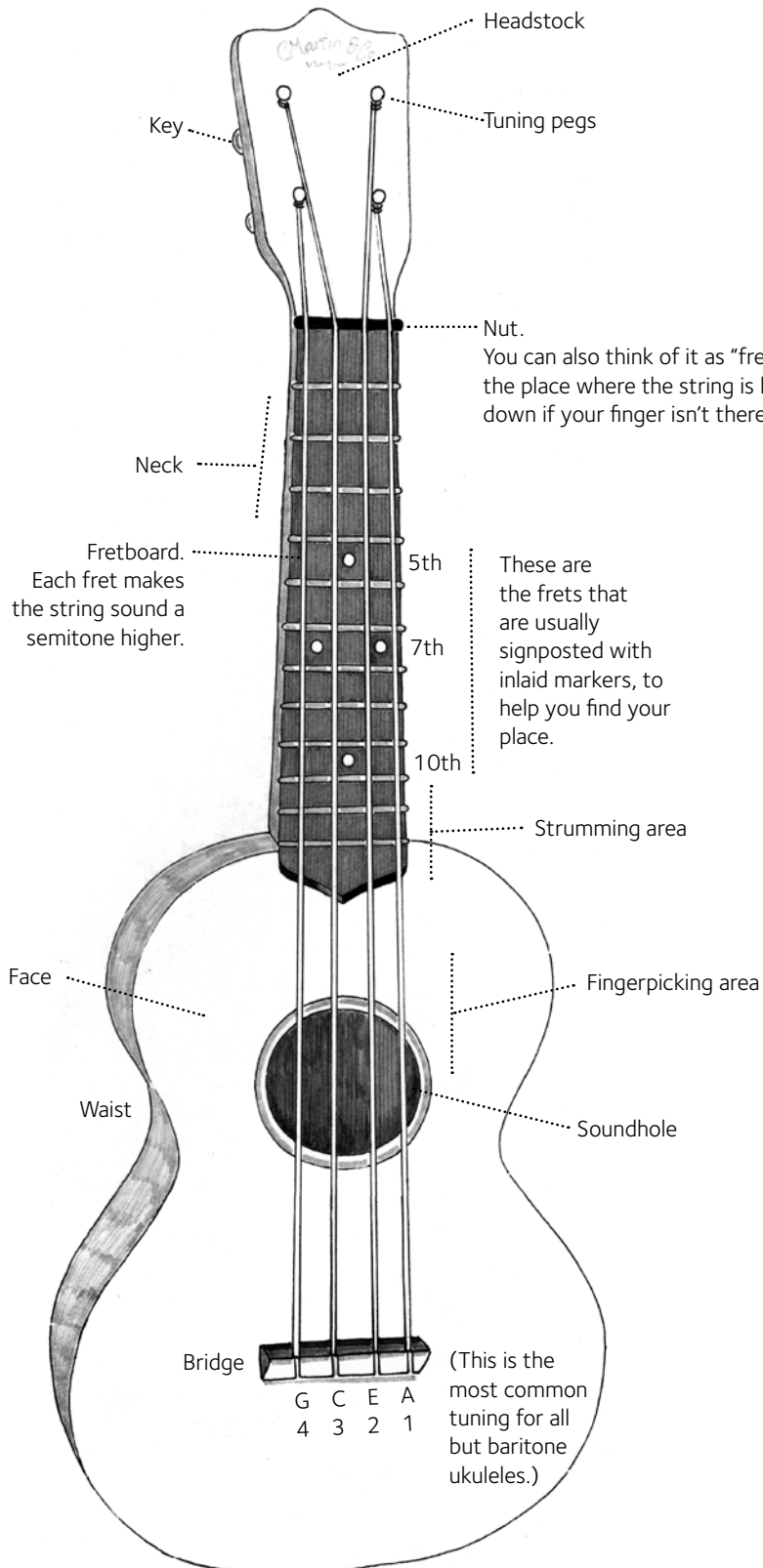
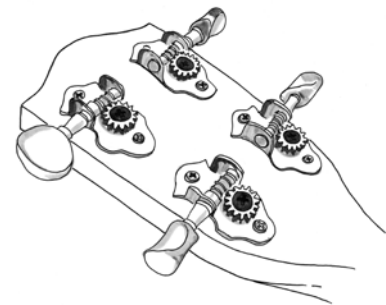


The anatomy of a ukulele

- Four strings, a dozen or so frets, and a classic “tiny guitar” shape.
- You strum a ukulele about halfway along the strings, roughly where the neck attaches to the body.
- The fourth string is usually not the lowest. Most ukuleles have the G string tuned an octave higher than you’d expect.

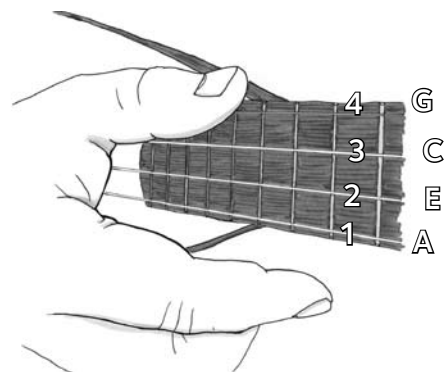


Peg tuners are traditional, but unless they are well made it can be hard to keep strings in tune with them.



Geared tuners make it much easier to stay in tune, but they increase the weight of the ukulele's head and can unbalance it.

- The strings are numbered from from bottom to top when you hold the instrument, with the highest-pitched string being #1.



Note how the numbering of the strings works, counting upwards towards you.